

WHEEL OF DHARMA

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Winter Pacific Seminar Keynote Speaker: Prof. Tomoyasu Naito, Kangaku



Prof. Tomoyasu Naito, Kangaku (the highest academic rank within the Jodo Hongwanji-ha), Shinshu and Professor Emeritus of Shinshu Studies at Ryukoku University in Kyoto, Japan, will be the keynote speaker for the 2015 Winter Pacific Seminar. Presented by the Institute of Buddhist Studies (IBS) and the BCA Center for Buddhist Education (CBE), this event will take place at the Seattle Betsuin Buddhist Temple, 1427 S. Main Street, Seattle, Washington, on Saturday, March 7, 2015 from 9 am - 4 pm. Prof. Naito will present the keynote message, "Life of Awakening: True Teaching" in Japanese with English translation provided by Rev. Mutsumi Wondra of the Orange County Buddhist Church. Rev. Kiyonobu Kuwahara, CBE Co-director and Coordinator of the Hongwanji Jodo Shinshu Corresponadditional presentations in English.

Registration for the seminar is \$30, which includes lunch. To register, send name of registrant, address, and email or phone number with a check made payable to "Seattle Betsuin." Please write in check memo "Winter Pacific Seminar" and mail to the Seattle Betsuin at the address above, Attn: Winter Pacific Seminar. Email: office@seattlebetsuin.com or phone: (206) 329-0800. Registration deadline is February 23. Online registration will be available in February. Visit www.Buddhist Churches of America.

Born in Osaka Prefecture in 1945, Prof. Naito is a graduate of Ryukoku University and the Jodo Hongwanji-ha Shinshu Shugakuin. He is a member of the Hongwanji Kangaku Committee of Special Advisors to the Gomonshu, and Resident Minister of Kakujoji Temple in Fukui, Japan. He has published several books in Japanese and is widely recognized for his orthodox interpretations of Hongwanji doctrine.

The Pacific Seminar -21st Century program seeks to carry on the tradition of a lifelong pursuit of the dharma, begun in the 1950s at the Berkeley Buddhist

Step by Step Awaken Shin Buddhist in your Everyday Life-Spread the Circle of Nembutsu B C A Buddhist Churches Of America® Share the Joy of the Jodo Shinshu Teachings www.buddhistchurchesofamerica.org

New Year's Greeting from Gomonshu Kojun Ohtani

As we mark the beginning of a new year, I extend to you my greetings.

Last year, since having succeeded the Jodo Shinshu tradition in June, I have taken on the posts as the resident *jushoku* minister of Hongwanji and the Monshu of Jodo Shinshu Hongwanji-ha. Living among today's society in which the conditions are quickly changing, I shall help share the Jodo Shinshu teaching with as many people as possible, so that it will become a principle religious foundation for daily living. To do so, I humbly ask for your support.

The Jodo Shinshu teaching was expounded by Shinran Shonin. Since then, the teaching has been transmitted for well over 790 years, reaching us here today in this present day and age. This is because regardless of time and location, the Nembutsu teaching has always been able to serve any persons as a spiritual guidance to their life. Buddhism detaches from self-absorption and encourages living a life based on the Dharma.

However, due to our own limitations being unable to put this into practice, we are faced with sadness and suffering.

Shinran Shonin has taught us that it has been predetermined that we will be led to the Pure Land and attain Buddhahood through the working of Amida Buddha. With the working of Amida Buddha's infinite wisdom and compassion, we are enabled to realize one's true self through the Truth.

In closing, let us live a life reciting the Nembutsu as we receive the Dharma.

January 1, 2015

OHTANI Kojun Monshu Jodo Shinshu Hongwanji-ha

(Translation provided by the Hongwanji International Department)



By Rev. Kodo Umezu BCA Bishop

Hard is it to be born into human life. Now we are living it. Difficult is it to hear the Teachings of the Blessed One. Now we hear it. If we do not realize the Truth in this life, when will it be realized? Let us reverently take refuge in the Three Treasures of the Truth.

We greet each other by saying "Happy New Year" when a new year arrives. Have you ever thought about the deep meaning of what we are saying? What is *real* happiness for us?

So many things are happening in this world today, including in my personal life. What we are experiencing now is nothing new. There are and

Happy New Year!

have been personal disputes, social disorders, wars, and so on for as long as people have existed in this world.

Because of my personal experiences as Bishop of the Buddhist Churches of America, I have been thinking a lot about a saying by Prince Shotoku (574-622), who is one of the most important figures in Japanese history and in the history of Buddhism. Shinran Shonin was so influenced by Prince Shotoku that he expressed his joy and gratitude to him in his poems called *Wasan*. As a matter of fact, the original *Ondokusan* had two verses; the second verse was in praise of Prince Shotoku.

Prince Shotoku was a bright individual and helped the central government as Regent. He is credited with promulgating a Seventeen-article constitution based on Buddhist ideals. I would like to quote a section of the tenth article below.

"Let us control ourselves and not be resentful when others disagree with us, for all men have hearts and each heart has its own leanings. The right of others is our wrong, and our right

is their wrong. We are not unquestionably sages, nor are they unquestionably fools. Both of us are simply ordinary men."

Shinran Shonin referred to ordinary people as foolish beings, or bonbu.

There is something similar to this quote in Shinran Shonin's sayings. It is in *Tannisho* written by his disciple, Yuien. Let me share the section.

"I know nothing at all of good or evil. For if I could know thoroughly, as Amida Tathagata knows, that an act was good, then I would know good. If I could know thoroughly, as the Tathagata knows, that an act was evil, then I would know evil. But with a foolish being full of blind passions, in this fleeting world—this burning house—all matters without exception are empty and false, totally without truth and sincerity. The nembutsu alone is true and real." (Collected Works of Shinran, p. 679)

In our world, everyone is trying to do something "good." In other words, everyone is right. However, what is

Continued on Page 6

January 1: New Year's Day – Shusho-e

Shin Buddhism views New Year's Day as a time to reflect and, with renewed dedication, to endeavor to live a life of gratitude and joy. New Year's Day service originated in Japan during the Nara period (710-794 CE) This service is held during the morning on January 1. – Excerpt used by permission, *Shin Buddhist Service Book*, Buddhist Education Center, Orange County Buddhist Church

January 16: Shinran Shonin Go-Shoki Hoon-ko

Hoon-ko is the main service in our tradition and is the origin of our religious organization. The term "Hoon-ko" means "a service or a gathering to express appreciation" and is used by many other Buddhist orders in Japan. Therefore, the Hoon-ko that we observe is formally called "Shinran Shonin Go-shoki Hoon-ko" to specify that the service is a gathering to express our appreciation for Shinran Shonin on his memorial day...

"While growing up in Japan, during my grammar school years, my temple in Fukuoka observed Hoon-ko for an entire week, from January 2 to January 9...Our Hoon-ko was one of the biggest events in my village. It required every villager to come out and help put on the services..."

Rev. Kodo Umezu, BCA Bishop

Excerpt from "My Appreciation for Shinran Shonin," Wheel of Dharma, January 2014

Hoon-ko: Shinran Shonin's Annual Memorial Service



By Rev. Henry Adams, San Mateo Buddhist Temple

In the Jodo Shinshu School of Buddhism, it is customary to hold an annual Ho'onko 報恩講 (pronounced HOE-OWN-KOH) Memorial Service in remembrance of Shinran Shonin (1173-1262), the Japanese Buddhist priest who we look to as the founder of our tradition. At the Nishi Hongwanji Temple in Kyoto, Japan, the Hoonko observance is held each year from January 9th to 16th, culminating

in an all-night Dharma marathon of talks by ministers from all over Japan. The tradition of annual Ho'onko services was initiated by Shinran's great-grandson Kakunyo during the 33rd Year Memorial Service for Shinran. In temples of the Jodo Shinshu tradition, Ho'onko is considered to be the most important Buddhist service of the year.

If we conducted a survey of our Sangha members asking everyone which of our annual Buddhist services is most important, we wouldn't be surprised to hear many responses along the lines of Hanamatsuri (Sakyamuni Buddha's Birthday) or Obon (the grateful remembrance of departed loved ones that we hold every summer). Of all the Buddhist services we observe throughout the year, why is Shinran's Memorial Service traditionally given the most emphasis?

As with all Buddhist traditions, the teachings of the Jodo Shinshu school are based on the truth that

Sakyamuni Buddha awakened to when he realized enlightenment sitting under the Bodhi Tree at the age of 35. Our sacred scriptures, the sutras, tell us that Sakyamuni spent the next 45 years teaching the Dharma until his parinirvana at the age of 80. During those 45 years of teaching, he provided 84,000 Dharma Gates, all of which are teachings that lead to true awakening and liberation from suffering. The standard collection of the Buddha's sermons in Chinese translation fills an entire shelf with large volumes in fine print.

It would be very difficult for a simple person like me to read the entire Buddhist canon of sutras and master their meaning. Even Shinran, who had extensive knowledge of the Buddhist sutras from 20 years of study as a monk on Mount Hiei and years of guidance under his wise teacher Honen, concluded that he could not realize perfect awakening through the power of his own study and practice.

Through his encounter with Honen, Shinran realized that all of the wisdom and compassion of the Buddha's enlightenment is contained in the words "NA MO A MI DA BUTSU 南無阿弥陀仏." In his "Hymn of True Entrusting Heart and the Nembutsu" (Shōshin Nembutsuge), Shinran expresses the meaning of these six Chinese characters as "I take refuge in the Tathagata of Immeasurable Life! / I entrust myself to the Buddha of Inconceivable Light!" Following in the tradition of Honen, Shinran taught that anyone who entrusts their life to the compassion of the Buddha and expresses their joy and gratitude in the words "Namo Amida Butsu" will unfailingly realize Birth in the Pure Land of Amida Buddha. To be born in the Pure Land is to realize a life of perfect awakening and a life that is free from the suffering of greed, anger, and ignorance.

The recitation of the name of Amida Buddha in the words "Namo Amida Butsu" is called the nembutsu, and expresses the joyful awareness that sustains the life of a Jodo Shinshu Buddhist. Shinran clarified the nembutsu teaching as a path that all of us can follow to experience the truth of the Buddha's awakening in our own lives, regardless of our intellectual abilities or circumstances in life.

Without Sakyamuni Buddha's teachings the true Dharma would not exist in this world for me to encounter. Without Shinran Shonin as a guide, I would not be able to find my way to realize the truth of the Buddha's teaching in my own life. For me, Ho'onko is the most significant service of the year because it is the opportunity to express my gratitude for Shinran's teachings and reflect on the guidance they provide for my life.

In gassho.

Plans and Resolutions

By Rev. Diana Thompson, Tri-State/Denver **Buddhist Temple**

The doors of the year open, like the doors of language, onto the unknown.

– Octavio Paz

Hello everyone, and Happy New Year! The above quote is taken from a poem entitled "January First" and, though not directly Buddhist, it has always struck me as something that speaks to the truth of impermanence. As Buddhists we are taught to view the world around us as ever changing. While we may understand this intellectually, it can be a difficult thing to accept when faced with huge changes, i.e., the "big three": sickness, old age, and death. However, New Years is a time when most people (not just Buddhists) take time to review the past and prepare to make changes or adjustments for the future. If the previous year was difficult, we try to make it better. If the previous year was successful, we try to figure out what we were doing right and at least try to stay the thinking and yes, even as I if I did not plan ahead at all it

course. It is a positive time of year when we see that change can be positive and full of possibilities. Whatever sufferings we have endured in the past year can be somehow dimmed or even erased through our resolutions and we look forward to whatever is to come. I enjoy this overall attitude of hope during New Years. Everything does indeed seem shiny and new and though the door of the New Year is a familiar one, I am always interested to see what lies behind it because the truth is that despite our best efforts and planning, no one really knows what will happen when we cross that threshold.

I myself never make New Year's resolutions. I like to think that this decision has nothing to do with an overinflated sense of my general awesomeness, and yet to some degree, that is exactly what it is. I have convinced myself that I can foretell the future and therefore assume that having a plan is a fool's errand because nothing will happen the way it is supposed to anyway. "What a downer!" you are no doubt write these words I see how nihilistic this particular line of thinking is. On the one hand, it has saved me some modicum of disappointment (if one has no expectations, things can't turn out "right" or "wrong") but on the flip-side of that, sometimes failure to plan can lead to stagnation.

Plans help us to move forward and I have come to realize that accepting change is less a matter of blind acceptance than it is a matter of adapting. My job requires a lot of planning, but it also requires a lot of adaptation. No matter how well thought out and meticulously planned a service or lecture is, there is the potential for something to happen that requires adaptation. For instance, we often get school groups on field trips at the temple during the week. I have a regular spiel prepared but with so many different kids of different age groups, I cannot prepare for every question that could come up, particularly from the middle school kids who are singularly adept at throwing curve-balls. I know to expect anything, but



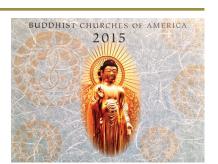
would be much worse. All of us would be sitting in silence and no one would be happy.

And so as the doors of this year open, step boldly into the unknown. We know that we are small foolish beings, but this simply means that we have the potential for great learning. Knowing that we know nothing makes us more willing to gain knowledge. So even if you make a New Year's resolution and drop it after a few weeks (or days; some are more dedicated than others), know that you have not failed but have learned something new about yourself and accept with gratitude the unexpected.

Namu Amida Butsu

Enjoy the 2015 BCA Calendar

Now available through your local temples or the BCA Bookstore. This year's calendar once again offers you a glimpse at the altars and Gohonzon (central image of Amida in statue, scroll, or Myogo form) of our churches and temples and a selection of calligraphy of Shinran Shonin's Wasan by BCA ministers and lay people. It also includes a convenient listing of BCA temples with contact information at the back!





Buddhist Church of Oakland 825 Jackson Street Oakland, CA 94607 Tel: (510) 832-5988 www.buddhistchurchofoakland.org

Buddhist Church of Oakland

At the turn of the 20th century, some early Japanese immigrants who had settled in Oakland, just across the water from San Francisco, voiced a desire to hear and receive the Dharma. Their spiritual needs were provided by the services of Rev. Tetsuei Mizuki and Rev. Kakuryo Nishijima who would visit Oakland once a month from San Francisco. The enthusiasm generated from this group of young Issei first generation Japanese eventually led to the founding of the Buddhist Church of Oakland in 1901. Property at the corner of Sixth and Jackson Streets in Oakland was acquired and the current two story church was built and dedicated in 1927. George Gentoku Shimamoto, a then recent graduate of UC Berkeley, was given the opportunity to design and build the church as one of his first projects. With the construction of the 880 Nimitz Freeway in 1950, the church had to be relocated. Cut in half, the church was moved in two sections and put back together at its current location at Ninth and Jackson Streets. Today, the Buddhist Church of Oakland enjoys a rich 113 year history of sharing the Nembutsu teaching with people from all walks of life.

BCA theme for 2015 "Live a Real Life"



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Submission Guidelines:

First-person articles should be around of 500 words, typed, double-spaced in Microsoft Word. The editors may ask for longer articles, or split in multiple parts at the editors' discretion. All other articles should be in news release form at maximum of 500 words.

Documents should be sent as an email attachment to WODeditor@bcahq.org. Please include the article's nor or contact temple and suggested title Images, preferably in color, must be submitted as 300 dpi JPEG or TIFF in separate attachments and never embedded in a Word document. PDF is not preferred. The editors reserve the right to crop images and to edit articles. Articles and news releases are reviewed for publication on the 10th of every month.

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By Dr. Kent Matsuda **BCA President** Enmanji Buddhist Temple

President's Message

Happy Year of the Sheep/Ram!

On behalf of the Buddhist Churches of America's Executive Committee and the National Board, I would like to express my sincere wishes for a wonderful 2015 to all BCA temples, ministers, retired ministers, headquarters staff, members, and friends.

During this coming year, I hope to be able to demonstrate to you that the BCA is working hard on being a meaningful resource for temples, ministers, and members. To that end, we have made significant changes to the structure of our upcoming National Council Meeting that will be held in San Diego. This is an ongoing process and one that welcomes your comments and suggestions.

Together, I hope that we can all come to appreciate the True Teachings that have been provided by those who came before us. In gratitude for your support and comments, I would like to wish each of you a Happy Year of the Sheep/Ram.

Winter MAP Closes CBE Programs for 2014



The final Minister's Assistant Program (MAP) of 2014 was held from December 11-13. Fourteen minister's assistants from six Buddhist Churches of America (BCA) districts braved severe winds and rain to attend, coming from as far away as the East

Pictured front row from left to right are Center for Buddhist Education (CBE) Co-director, Rev. Marvin Harada; Dorothy Richeda (Salt Lake), Sensei Anne Spencer (Idaho-Oregon), Erick Ishii (Ekoji), Sensei Paul Vielle (Spokane), and Sensei Akemi Ishida (New York).

In the second row from left to right are Sensei Tadao Koyama (Florin), Michael Tang (Arizona), George Thow (Enmanji), John Hughes (Longmont), Mark VanDyke (Mountain View), James Pollard (Orange County), Rosalie May (Seattle), Sensei Gary Jaskula (New York), Sensei Kory Quon (Gardena), and Rev. Kiyonobu Kuwahara, CBE Co-director.

The MAP continues to grow and progress as another 13 BCA minister's assistants received Tokudo ordination last November, including Koyama sensei.

Coming in April: "WEHOPE" West & East Hongwanji Overseas Propagation Exchange

The BCA Center for Buddhist Education (CBE) will host the third gathering of international Jodo Shinshu ministers at the Jodo Shinshu Center (JSC) on April 14-17, 2015. This year's seminar is called the West and East Hongwanji Overseas Propagation Exchange (WEHOPE). This is a variation of the International Hongwanji Overseas Propagation Exchange (IHOPE) started in 2011. The name change represents the fact that there will also be Kaikyoshi ministers of the Shinshu Ohtani-ha (Higashi Honganji) as well as from the Jodo

Shinshu Hongwanji-ha (Nishi Hongwanji) attending.

This event will provide opportunities for currently assigned Kaikyoshi ministers, Kyoshi ministers, and ministers' assistants with Tokudo ordination from Hawaii, Canada, South America, Shinshu Ohtani-ha, and the Buddhist Churches of America (BCA) to come together to study and exchange ideas about the future of the Jodo Shinshu Buddhist movement.

The WEHOPE Planning Committee members are: Rev. Kiyonobu Kuwahara, BCA/ CBE; Bishop Tatsuya Aoki,

Canada; Rev. Kojo Kakihara, BCA; Rev. Jay Shingo Okamoto and Rev. David Fujimoto, Hawaii; Rev. Koken Sugao and Rev. Genyu Katata, Brazil. The deadline is Feb. 13, 2015. Due to space limitations, priority for registration and JSC rooms is as follows: Kaikyoshi, Kyoshi and Tokudo ministers/minister's assistants, in that order. Early registration is advised.

For registration details, please contact Rev. Kakihara (email: kojo-suiko-zan@hotmail.com.jp) or Rev. Henry Adams (email: henry.t.adams@ gmail.com).

Go-Shoki Ho On-Ko Service Shinran Shonin's Memorial Day Friday, January 16, 2015 1 p.m.

Jodo Shinshu Center - 2140 Durant Avenue, Berkeley, CA All are welcome to commemorate this special occasion.

Expanded Dharma Events for All

2015 National Council Meeting's New Format At the Crowne Plaza Hotel & San Diego Buddhist Temple, San Diego

February 26 (Thurs. 1:00-4:30 p.m.)

"Buddhism & Counseling"

A Symposium for the BCA National Council Meeting will be sponsored by the Institute for Buddhist Education (IBS) and the BCA Center for Buddhist Education (CBE) at the Crowne Plaza Hotel, San Diego. The featured speakers are: Dr. Daijaku Kinst, IBS Chaplaincy Program; Dr. David Pating, a Kaiser psychiatrist and BCSF minister's assistant; Dr. Carmella Javellana Hirano, psychiatrist and founder of SHIN (Sanctuary for Healing and Integration) in Salt Lake City, UT and SLBC minister's assistant; SHIN counseling staff members: Dr. Robert Weitzel and David Black; and Dr. David Hirohama, clinical psychologist and counselor, OCBC's Mindfulness Center. The symposium is open to any of the delegates and boosters to the National Council, and the interested public.

February 27 & 28 (Fri. & Sat. 2:00-4:30 p.m.)

"Dharmathon - Expand the Experience"

As part of the BCA National Council Meeting's new format, the IBS and CBE will present a series of dharma talks. Speakers TBA. Crown Plaza Hotel, San Diego. Open to National Council delegates, booster and the interested public.

Contact: CBE at cbe@bcahq.org



THE GOOD, THE BAD, AND THE BACHI: THE EXPECTATION OF KARMA

TechnoBuddha is an annual conference where you'll spend quality time reconnecting and networking with amazing young adults between 21 and 39 in the Jodo Shinshu community. With Dr. Jeff Wilson leading the way as our keynote speaker, and exciting active and educational workshops, this conference is shaping up to be a blast!

FACEBOOK.COM/TECHNOBUDDHACONFERENCE

"Qualities & Strengths of Shin Buddhism"

By Rev. Kenji Akahoshi **Buddhist Temple of San Diego**



Rev. Dr. Ken Tanaka presented an all-day workshop at the Buddhist Temple of San Diego on November 22, 2014, with 70 participants attending. His topic "Qualities and Strengths

of Shin Buddhism" was delivered in three sessions: Humor, Metaphors, and Action. It ended in the Hondo with a moving experience of Nembutsu meditation. An active question and answer session followed a group dinner. Rev. Tanaka graciously signed his popular book, Ocean, for those who had purchased it. Participants enjoyed the clarity of his presentation and will surely share the wisdom of his Buddhist "humor."

The next day, Rev. Dr. Tanaka and Rev. Naoyuki Ogi were guest speakers at the Eitaikyo Service at the Buddhist Temple of San Diego. This event coincided with the conference of the American Academy of Religion. About a dozen San Diego members, among others, enjoyed a very interesting lecture by Dr. James Dobbins, a noted Shin Buddhist scholar. His talk, titled "D.T. Suzuki and the Making of a Modern Pure Land Buddhism," was hosted by the International Association of Shin Buddhist Studies and held at the Omni Hotel in San Diego.

BCA Education News & Highlights - Take Refuge in the Light of Joy!

2014 CBE Shinran Shonin Study Tour: Part One

In October, 38 Buddhist Churches of America (BCA) members and friends joined together with Bishop Kodo Umezu and Brian Nagata for the 2014 Shinran Shonin Study Tour sponsored by the BCA Center for Buddhist Education (CBE). We visited sites associated with Shinran Shonin's life, and in particular, his exile years.



Participants in the CBE Shinran Shonin Study Tour were granted an audience with the Gomonshu of the Jodo Shinshu Hongwanji-ha, His Eminence Kojun Ohtani, on October 30, 2014. The Gomonshu is seated in the center, with BCA Bishop, Rev. Kodo Umezu (in red) on his right. Photo by Rev. Yoshiko Morioka, Hongwanji Press.

The official tour started with a visit to the enormous Tsukiji Hongwanji temple in downtown Tokyo. We were greeted by the temple and Hongwanji staff, including some familiar faces who had previously attended our Institute of Buddhist Studies (IBS) or other programs at the Jodo Shinshu Center (JSC). We enjoyed lunch at the nearby world famous Tsukiji Fish Market, followed by a visit to the new Tokyo Sky Tree, which is the world's tallest free standing tower and second tallest structure in the world, shooting up into the sky over 2,000 feet. We also visited the Tokyo-Edo Museum and the beautiful Zojoji Temple, the head temple of the Jodo Sect in Tokyo and main temple for the Tokugawa Shogun family.

The next day we traveled out to Ibaragi Prefecture where Shinran spent many years. We visited Sainenji temple, the site of the hermitage where Shinran lived, and Chinsekiji Temple which is said to possess a rock upon which Shinran slept when he was denied lodging in the middle of winter.

We traveled north to the Naoetsu area on the Japan Sea side. There we walked on Kotagahama Beach, where Shinran first landed after he was sent into exile. We



Kotagahama Beach. Photo by Dexter Mar.

recited *Juseige* in gratitude for his determination and sacrifices to share the Nembutsu with all. Later that day, we visited Eshin no Sato, the museum and memorial to Eshinni, Shinran's wife who had resided in this area. That evening we stayed at the Akakura Hotel, a resort owned by a devout Shin Buddhist who placed a huge *obutsudan* in the main lobby sitting area. A staff member said it is still used for services and Dharma talks every year during *Hoonko* season.

"While standing on the sand of Kotagahama Beach...there was a deep sense of the timelessness of our connection with Shinran as we saw the land-seascape that confronted him some 800 years ago," reflected Dexter Mar, a member of the Hawaii Betsuin (Honolulu). "The simplicity of the countryside was so very different than that of the temple city of Kyoto."

Traveling through Japan during the early fall allowed us to see the beautiful changing colors of the foliage. We walked across the Kurobe Dam (Japan's biggest dam) using seven different modes of transportation.

The Japanese Alps is a very devout Jodo Shinshu area, and the Nembutsu influence on daily life is quite evident in the local culture. Because Shin Buddhism does not believe in superstitions or amulets, local residents have sought out herbal and chemical remedies for ailments and illnesses for more than 300 years. We visited the Kokando Pharmaceutical Company which initiated a unique business practice several hundred years ago: Most Japanese homes today have a medicine chest which is refilled by "medicine peddlers" from Kokando. They come to the house once a year, take inventory, replace the medicines which were consumed during the year, and issue a bill for the medicines used, which the customer then pays.

We visited the World Heritage Site called Shirakawa-go, with amazing "Gassho-zukuri" thatched roof houses. They are so named because the angle of the roof beams appear to be in the shape of hands in gassho (palms together). This cultural heritage site is tucked in between steep mountains and was founded by Shin Buddhists. From Shirakawa-go we continued on our way to Takayama, Nagoya, and then Kyoto.

End of Part One. Part Two will appear in the February Issue of the Wheel of Dharma.

Jodo Shinshu Correspondence Course - Monthly Essay

This article was written in response to an assignment for the JSCC and reflects the author's individual understanding of this topic.

Visit: www.JSCC.cbe-bca.org for course details



Why did Shinran Shonin write *Kyogyoshinsho*, which was far too scholarly for the majority of his followers?

By Janis Hirohama Orange County Buddhist Church

Although some of Shinran's writing was accessible for the average person, not all of his works were created for that audience. His output ran the gamut, ranging from hymns (wasan) in Japanese that were short, emotionally accessible, and readily understood, to his magnum opus, the Kyogyoshinsho, an intellectually challenging work written in Chinese characters. The more complex and sophisticated writings of Shinran were intended for himself and his key disciples—and for posterity—but not for the general public. The Kyogyoshinsho, in particular, fulfilled several important and mutually reinforcing purposes: to codify and share his teachings in order to facilitate their dissemination, continuation, and further development; to set forth a testament of his deepest beliefs; and to share his understanding of the Nembutsu path and distinguish it from other teachings during the age of Mappo.

By the time Shinran began the *Kyogyoshinsho*, he was 52 years old, an advanced age in an era of short life spans. He was facing the reality of his own mortality. At the same time, his followers had increased dramatically in number after his move to the Kanto region. Without intending to do so, he had become the founder of a mass religious movement. Founders and leaders of religious movements naturally feel the need and the responsibility to clearly set forth their beliefs as a guide for their followers. Shinran knew that if his teachings were to continue after his death, he had to write them out for his disciples (including his family members), in order to make a clear record and help avoid future doctrinal misinterpretations. The *Kyogyoshinsho* was his primary vehicle for doing so.

Furthermore, it appears that for Shinran the Kyogyoshinsho was a grand summation. As a profound and ultimately deeply personal statement of his beliefs, in a sense it was written as much for himself as for anyone else. It was the culmination of decades of study, practice, and life experience. By the time he wrote it, he had spent twenty years as a monk on Mt. Hiei, studied with Honen, married and fathered children, was exiled to Echigo where he shared the Nembutsu teaching with the common people, and moved to the Kanto area where his teachings had spread widely to as many as 100,000 followers. He had, by then, reached his great understanding of the Nembutsu teaching. The teachings and insights reflected in the Kyogyoshinsho were the fruit of a lifetime; Shinran was not able to write this testament of his deepest beliefs until he reached maturity. It is not surprising, then, that he devoted many years to this ultimate expression of his life's work. Furthermore, many of his writings, with the Shoshinge (Hymn of True Faith) being a prime example, expressed his deep gratitude and indebtedness to his teachers, particularly the Seven Pure Land Masters. Having developed what he believed to be a true teaching that drew on the work of those earlier masters, his documenting his teachings in the Kyogyoshinsho may have served as another expression of deep gratitude to them—sharing his teachings just as those masters had written and shared their teachings.

Shinran's desire to document and share his understanding of the Dharma, particularly the Nembutsu teaching, may have been given further impetus by his belief that we are living in the "Last Dharma Age" (*Mappo*). If salvation is no longer attainable through self-power practices, Shinran may have felt compelled to demonstrate that the only possible path was that of the Nembutsu. His conclusion that the Path of Sages was no longer viable in the time of *Mappo* may have given him an urgent sense of mission—a feeling that he had to set forth his teachings, show how they differed from other teachings, and prove that the Nembutsu was the only way forward. In a sense, he was using the *Kyogyoshinsho* to make his best argument for the Nembutsu teaching.

In fulfilling its multiple roles—as a detailed guide to Shinran's teachings for his disciples, as an intellectual and educated man's testament of personal belief, and as a passionate argument for his understanding of the Nembutsu teaching as the only viable path to salvation in the age of *Mappo*—the *Kyogyoshinsho* had to be thoroughly researched and deeply based in earlier scholarship. This is evident from the fact that its content quoted extensively from classical Buddhist texts, which required Shinran's return to Kyoto so he could have better access to the textual resources needed to complete the book. While the Nembutsu teaching is meant for everyone, Shinran wrote the *Kyogyoshinsho* for a specific audience and for specific purposes that necessitated the use of scholarly language. However, it ultimately benefited his followers of all backgrounds by enabling his teachings to be documented and propagated.

Janis Hirohama and her husband Jim Pollard are members of the Orange County Buddhist Church, where she administers the Facebook page for the Buddhist Education Center and volunteers on publications. She is currently enrolled in the Jodo Shinshu Correspondence Course.

CBE 2015 Tentative Calendar of Events (at the Jodo Shinshu Center unless noted otherwise. Dates and programming subject to change.)

January 16: Hoonko Service

March 7: Winter Pacific Seminar @ Seattle Betsuin Buddhist Temple. Speaker: Prof. Tomoyasu Naito.

Co-sponsored by Institute of Buddhist Studies (IBS)

March 13-15: TechnoBuddha Conference with Dr. Jeff Wilson * April 4: Japanese Seminar April 14-17: West & East Hongwanji Overseas Propagation Exchange (WEHOPE) Gathering

and Ministers' Continuing Education (MCE) Seminar

May 21: Gotan-e Service * June 27: Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer (LGBTQ) Seminar @ New York Buddhist Church. Speaker: Dr. Jeff Wilson

July 3-5: Summer Pacific Seminar with Rev. Sonam Bhutia Wangdi and Ashma Lama

(Co-sponsored by IBS) & Summer MAP Seminar

August 1: Jodo Shinshu Correspondence Course (JSCC) August Workshop

September 18-21: Eastern District Speaking Tour (TBD)
October 3: Baby Boomers' Seminar * October 10: Japanese Seminar
October 15-17: Ministers' Continuing Education (MCE) Seminar in Salt Lake City in conjunction with the 2015 Parliament of the World's Religions
November 13-15: CBE Music Seminar

Minister's Assistant Program (MAP) Schedule

March 26-28: Spring MAP seminar
July 3-5: Summer MAP (in conjunction with Summer Pacific Seminar)
September 24-26: Fall MAP
December 10-12: Winter MAP

BCA Education News & Highlights - Live a Real Life!

Amida Buddha's Resolution

by Rev. Kiyonobu Kuwahara, CBE Co-director

In the past year, we at CBE coordinated various programs. I appreciate that many people attended them and hope that all attendees had a good time and deepened their appreciation of Dharma. I would also like to express my deepest gratitude to all CBE staff members and volunteers who devotedly supported those programs. We will coordinate various programs this year as well. We at CBE look forward to your participation in the programs.

At the beginning of the New Year, I think some of us have established resolutions. Mine would be this: "Don't eat too much and do more exercise." Our resolutions tend to be about ourselves. This is mainly because we know what needs to be improved. It is natural that our resolutions focus on that.

In addition to our own resolutions, there is another resolution established by Amida Buddha in order for us to live more profound and fulfilled lives. It is sometimes called the Primal Vow or *Hongwan* in Japanese. It could be said that Jodo Shinshu is the path in which we carefully listen to what Amida Buddha's resolution for us is and why Amida Buddha established it for us.

To deeply consider Amida Buddha's resolution could lead us to a deeper realization of ourselves, because it is all about us. By doing this, we can come to a deeper resolution about how to live our daily lives on a deeper level than just "Don't eat too much and do more exercise."

I hope that CBE programs will help us lead a fulfilled life with Amida Buddha.



THE INSTITUTE OF BUDDHIST STUDIES & BCA CENTER FOR BUDDHIST EDUCATION PRESENT

PACIFIC SEMINAR - 21ST CENTURY - WINTER SESSION



Life of Awakening: True Teaching

Guest Speaker:

Professor Tomoyasu Naito

Kangaku, Jodo Shinshu Hongwanji-ha

9:00 am - 4:00 pm

Seattle Betsuin Buddhist Temple 1427 S. Main Street, Seattle, WA 98144

Keynote Presentation in Japanese: English Translation by Rev. Mutsumi Wondra

Registration: \$30 (includes lunch) Deadline: February 23, 2015

BCA Northwest District Temple Members: Please register through your temple.

Please make checks payable to "Seattle Betsuin" Memo: "Winter Pacific Seminar 2015"

Mail to: Seattle Betsuin Buddist Temple (at the address above) Attn: Winter Pacific Seminar

Contact: Email: office@seattlebetsuin.com Phone: (206) 329-0800

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT CBE: Email: cbe@bcahq.org Ph: (510) 809-1460 Visit: BuddhistChurchesofAmerica.org Click on CBE

More Seminars & Talks by Prof. Tomoyasu Naito Hosted by BCA Districts & Temples

*Please note that lectures and seminars will be delivered in Japanese with English translation.

Japanese Sunday service messages will not be translated.

Sun., Feb. 1	ORANGE COUNTY BUDDHIST CHURCH
	Language Diagram Managara & Canadan Camaia

Japanese Dharma Message at Sunday Service

Mon., Feb. 2 SENSHIN BUDDHIST TEMPLE

Seminar: Q & A "Gojidan" style, 7 – 9 pm

Tue., Feb. 3 LOS ANGELES BETSUIN

Southern District Ministers Session: "Contemporary Society & the Pure Land" (Gendaishakai to Jodo)

Thu., Feb. 5 GARDENA BUDDHIST CHURCH

Seminar: "Jodo Shinshu for the 21st Century," Time TBA

Sat., Feb. 7 LOS ANGELES BETSUIN

"Life of True Shinjin: True Teaching," 9 am – 3:30 pm

Sun., Feb. 8 Japanese Message at Sunday Service, 10 am

Southern District Seminar:

Thu., Feb. 12 SAN JOSE BETSUIN

Coast District Buddhist Women's League Conference: "Buddhist Women: The Heart of Our Temple," 9 am – 3 pm

"Buddhist Women: The Heart of Our Temple," 9 am – 3 pm Coast District Ministers Session:

"Karmic Evil and Sin" (Zaiaku to Tsumi)

Sat., Feb. 14 SAN MATEO BUDDHIST TEMPLE

Nembutsu Seminar: 9 am – 2:15 pm "Contemporary Society and the Pure Land"

Sun., Feb. 15 Japanese Message at Nirvana Day Service

Sat., Feb. 21 **BUDDHIST CHURCH OF FLORIN:** Northern Cal. District Seminar: 1 – 4 pm

"Contemporary Society and the Pure Land"

Sat., Feb. 21 Northern Cal. District Ministers Session Sun., Feb. 22 Japanese Message at Sunday Service

Sat., Mar. 7 SEATTLE BETSUIN BUDDHIST TEMPLE

Winter Pacific Seminar:

"Life of Awakening: True Teaching," 9 am – 4 pm

Presented by IBS & CBE

Sun., Mar. 8 Japanese Message at Seattle Sunday Service

Events are subject to change. Please contact host temples to confirm dates, times, and other details. Find temple contact information on the BCA website: www.BuddhistChurchesofAmerica.org

Click Temples/Churches

Special Feature

I was privileged to hear this talk, "Jodo Shinshu: The Supreme Teaching for the Present Age" presented by Rev. John Paraskevopoulos at the 17th European Shin Buddhist Conference at Southampton Solent University, United Kingdom, in September of 2014. It shares the joy of the Nembutsu, and I felt it should be shared with readers in the US. It is being reprinted with the author's permission in six installments. Please enjoy it.

— Rev. Kodo Umezu, Bishop, Buddhist Churches of America

JODO SHINSHU: THE SUPREME TEACHING FOR THE PRESENT AGE (Part 1)

by Rev. John Paraskevopoulos

In a world where confusion about values abounds and where many of the old certainties that previously governed our views on life, ethics and religion are crumbling before our eyes, one can be forgiven for feeling lost at sea without any prospect of finding *terra firma*. The spiritual traditions of the world have, each in their own way, endeavored to provide some kind of anchor to keep us rooted in what is, otherwise, a world of shifting sands. And yet, it seems, many of the traditional faiths struggle to keep adherents in the modern world (particularly the West) as the juggernaut of secular humanism encroaches leaving people bewildered as they struggle to find answers to urgent questions; answers that may appear elusive but which remain critical to our well-being.

There are many theories regarding the crisis of modernity, the collapse of traditional values, the loss of faith and the trivialization of our public culture. I do not intend to add to those theories in this presentation. Instead, I will aim to suggest how Shin is uniquely placed to offer a compelling antidote to the spiritual malaise that afflicts us today and how it is exceptionally suited to give ordinary people the inner resources to confront a world where the "three poisons" of greed, anger and ignorance are rampant. While certainly not championing the "superiority" of Shin in any chauvinistic sense, I will nevertheless propose that this tradition is eminently capable of meeting our deepest spiritual needs and, in so doing, furnishing our lives with a quiet undercurrent of abiding joy.



This can give us the confidence to face the world as it is, even if we cannot change the ineluctable forces that propel our lives in uncertain and troubling directions.

In reflecting on the teachings of the Pure Land master, Honen, a contemporary Zen nun once remarked, "I cannot accept a path that is predicated on the notion of spiritual failure." I think this goes some way towards explaining a number of the difficulties faced by Shin today: the pervading sense of uncertainty regarding these teachings; and the not uncommon feeling of inferiority—that we are somehow not real Buddhists because we are unable to withstand traditional practices. As a result, our commitment to the Dharma has become largely lukewarm and listless. These attitudes have had the debilitating effect of preventing people experiencing the liberation that this Dharma can offer. The honest recognition of our "spiritual failure" is, in fact, critical to seeing why this is so.

In this presentation, I will aim to challenge these misconceptions (and others) with a view to demonstrating how such perceived negatives are actually positives. What makes Shin Buddhism distinctive is its focus on meeting our spiritual yearnings while not neglecting a frank assessment of our human condition—a condition which entails both obvious, and more subtle, spiritual "snares." In terms of day-to-day life, it is precisely these that Shin Buddhism seeks to bring into sharp relief, as their consequences can be far-reaching. This degree of honesty—very uncomfortable at times—confers true freedom and helps us to avoid the toxic pitfall of spiritual hypocrisy, which is the bane of so much religious thinking today.

Whether we harbour any spiritual beliefs or not, we are searching for truth and certainty; a way of understanding ourselves and the mystery of our existence. This perennial need for answers to such questions cannot be ignored without distorting our humanity in some way and, indeed, doing us an injustice. And, yet, this quest—for those who take it seriously—is fraught with doubt and confusion. People today seem to live in a state of constant apprehension such that any talk of spiritual matters often seems remote and somehow irrelevant to the struggle of our everyday lives.

Indeed, the modern world seems to reinforce these doubts by denying or denigrating our spiritual needs; by regarding us merely as economic beings whose sole reason for existence is consumption—anything deeper is dismissed as fanciful and illusory. Notwithstanding the pervasive influence of these powerful forces that serve to discourage any kind of inner or contemplative life, it is impossible to deny that we are profoundly affected by our impending mortality and the ephemeral nature of things—we desperately seek, in all manner of ways, to find a lasting resolution to this problem. Why is this so? Why do we often feel that there is much more to our existence than what science and secular culture tell us there is? The totalitarianism of the latter in Western society constitutes an aberration—in terms of what people in all cultures have believed for millennia—and, arguably, has led to much unhappiness.

So how can we bring all these considerations together to help us gain a better understanding of Shin and its place in the world today? In order to do this, we need to remove some serious misconceptions that plague much current thinking about this tradition.

To be continued next month

Rev. John Paraskevopoulos is an ordained Shin Buddhist priest based in Australia and author of Call of the Infinite: The Way of Shin Buddhism. He holds a first-class honors degree in Philosophy from the University of Melbourne, Australia and is editor of the online Journal of Shin Buddhism. The full text of "Jodo Shinshu: The Supreme Teaching for the Present Age" is available online at www.nembutsu.info.



In Memoriam: Rev. Dr. Taitetsu Unno (1929–2014)

We are saddened to announce the death of Rev. Dr. Taitetsu Unno, a colleague to many in the world of Buddhist studies, and to many of us a friend as well. The family has requested privacy at this time, and we ask that you respect their wishes.

A funeral service is being planned, and it will be held at the Berkeley Buddhist Temple, Rev. Dr. Matsumoto presiding. The date and time have yet to be announced. A follow up to this announcement will be made. The family have suggested that, rather than sending flowers, academic colleagues and friends who wish to express their respect and appreciation make a donation in his memory to the Institute of Buddhist Studies. Please address any donations to the attention of Richard K. Payne, Dean, Institute of Buddhist Studies, 2140 Durant Avenue, Berkeley CA 94704, USA.

Any personal communications that you wish to share with the family may be sent to Rev. Ronald Kobata, Buddhist Church of San Francisco, 1881 Pine Street, San Francisco, CA 94109.

Taitetsu's son Mark prepared a short biography, which can be found on the IBS website at: http://wp.me/p1q1jt-fW

BCA Endowment Foundation Planned Giving



Planned giving is a method of supporting not-for-profit organizations and charities that enables donors to make larger gifts than they could make from their income alone. While some planned gifts provide a life-long income to the donor, others use estate and tax planning techniques to provide for charity and other heirs in ways that maximize the gift and/or minimize its impact on the donor's estate.

1. Charitable Remainder Trust

This is an irrevocable trust that generates a potential income stream for you or your beneficiaries, with the remainder of the donated assets eventually going to one or more nonprofit organizations you select.

Key characteristics

- Potential immediate (partial) tax deduction, based on the value of the charitable donation.
- May eliminate capital gains tax for gifts of long-term appreciated securities.
- Income may be for life or for a fixed term of no more than 20 years.

A charitable remainder trust (CRT) is structured so that there is a current beneficiary who is either the donor or a named individual and a remainder beneficiary, which is a qualified charity. The CRT can ensure that the named beneficiary receive either a fixed amount each year or a percentage of the value of the trust each year, for a period of years that can be for the individual's life or for a period not to exceed 20 years.

One of the major benefits of the CRT is an immediate potential income and gift tax deduction for a charitable contribution for the present value of the ending balance of the trust's assets designated for the charity.

A CRT can be an effective strategy for retirement planning as the trust can provide for delayed income distributions. For example, the trustee can sell the appreciated assets, reinvest the proceeds, defer tax payments and delay distribution (and income recognition) to the donor until he or she reaches age 65 and is in a lower tax bracket.

2. Charitable Annuities

This is a contract with a not-forprofit organization, in which you provide a gift and, in exchange, the organization guarantees you income for life.

Key characteristics

- Potential immediate (partial) tax deduction, based on your life expectancy and the anticipated income stream.
- Reduces capital gains tax liability for gifts of long-term appreciated assets.
- Tax is levied on the income stream.

A Charitable Gift Annuity is a contract under which a charity in return for a transfer of cash, marketable securities or other assets agrees to pay fixed payments to one or two individuals (beneficiaries or annuitants), for their lifetime.

The contract is between the donors and the issuing charity, in which the donors transfer property (cash, securities, and real property) in exchange for fixed dollar payments during their lifetime. Tax deductions for this type of life-income gift vary with the number of recipients and the age of the donor at the time of the gift. The issuing institution guarantees the income.

3. Making A Bequest

A charitable bequest is the most popular and simplest way that countless people of all financial means can support the organizations they care about. A bequest is a transfer by will of assets such as cash, securities, or tangible property to an individual or a charitable organization.

For many donors, a bequest offers the opportunity to make a more substantial gift than would be possible during their lifetime.

Because of the tax advantages associated with a bequest to a charitable institution, assets from your estate that

would otherwise go directly to government treasuries can instead be given to BCA Endowment Foundation to meet BCA and IBS needs.

Types of bequest

- The most common type of bequest is one in which you direct cash or specific assets to BCA Endowment Foundation. Sometimes the bequest is stated as a fixed amount or value; it can also be stated as a percentage of your estate.
- With a residuary bequest, you direct that BCA Endowment Foundation receive all or part of your estate remaining after other specific bequests and expenses related to settlement of your estate have been made.
- With a contingent bequest, you name BCA Endowment Foundation as the recipient of your estate only if others named in your estate plan are not living at the time of your death.

Other methods available for giving to BCA Endowment Foundation

- A testamentary trust can be written into your will so that a trust is established upon your death to provide income to your spouse and/or beneficiaries during their lifetimes.
- You can designate by beneficiary, providing that BCA Endowment Foundation will be the beneficiary of the remainder of your IRA, Keogh plan, tax shelter annuity or qualified pension, profit sharing plan or life insurance plan.

Please contact the BCA Endowment Foundation for additional information. Planned gifts to the BCA Endowment Foundation can be designated to benefit the Buddhist Churches of America, the Institute of Buddhist Studies or both. This article is not intended as legal advice. You should seek the advice of your own attorney. Your attorney is encouraged to consult with BCA Endowment Foundation legal counsel for further guidance.

BCA Endowment Foundation 1710 Octavia Street San Francisco, CA 94109 Phone: (415) 776-5068 BCAEndowment@gmail.com

Prof. Naito

Continued from Front Page

Studies Center. Since the construction of the Jodo Shinshu Center (JSC) in Berkeley, California eight years ago, a two-day, annual summer session has been hosted annually, featuring international scholars and teachers. In 2012, a one-day, winter/spring session was added, hosted at Southern California temples, to share this program beyond the Bay Area. This year, for the first time, the IBS and the BCA CBE will present the Winter Pacific

Seminar in the Northwest. Recent speakers at the Pacific Seminars have included: the late Rev. Dr. Taitetsu Unno, Rev. Tetsuo Unno and Rev. Dr. Mark Unno; Prof. Nobuhiro Fukagawa (Kangaku), Dr. Mark Blum, Prof. Keiko Toro, and the late Dr. Takamaro Shigaraki, among others.

Beyond Seattle: Additional Lectures & Dharma Talks at BCA Temples

In addition to the Winter Pacific Seminar, the BCA community and public will have many opportunities to partake in the ambitious educational tour of the West Coast by Prof. Naito. Please see the dates and venues on page 5.

"We really appreciate Prof. Naito's great enthusiasm for sharing the Dharma with our BCA sangha," said Rev. Marvin Harada, CBE Co-director. "Considering last year's visit by Prof. Nobuhiro Fukagawa, and CBE's many Skype lectures with Rev. Michio Tokunaga both of whom have the title of Kangaku, we are very lucky to hear and interact with the top Jodo Shinshu scholars of our day, right here in our own temples. I encourage everyone to participate in these special learning sessions."

BCA Bookstore News By Gayle Noguchi

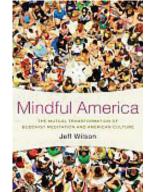
Now available: Mindful America – The Mutual Transformation of Buddhist Meditation and American Culture by Jeff Wilson, hardcover, \$29.95.

You have probably noticed it: mindfulness is everywhere. In *Mindful America*, Jeff Wilson asserts that the mindfulness movement we've been experiencing over the last thirty years is an example of a process that has occurred throughout Buddhism's history – that of moving into new cultures and becoming domesticated.

Members of the new culture take from Buddhism what is relevant to alleviating their problems and concerns and generate new forms of Buddhism better suited to their needs. Thus the mutual transformation of Buddhism and the new host culture.

Wilson explores and chronicles this undeniable phenomenon occurring here in America. He examines how and why Americans have embraced this practice with its roots in ancient Buddhist cosmology originally taught only to monastics.

Wilson also describes the process by which mindfulness has



been made more appealing for the masses by downplaying, obscuring, or altogether eliminating its connection to Buddhism, a process he calls "mystifying mindfulness."

Wilson concludes by offering suggestions for future research to further understand and gain insight into this movement which continues to undergo explosive growth in our society.

Wilson's study provides valuable information and insight as we engage in sharing the nembutsu teachings here in America.

To order, go to www.bcabookstore. com or contact sales@bcabookstore.com/510-809-1435.

The BCA Bookstore is open Wednesday through Saturday 11 a.m. to 7 p.m. Like us on Facebook

Rev. Umezu

Continued from Front Page

good for me is not always good for everyone. This belief that "I am right" makes the world difficult to

The problem lies within each individual. It requires something outside of ourselves to shed light on all of us and show us how we are behaving toward one another. Out of deep sorrow and sadness, the call *Namo Amida Butsu* comes from the true and real realm. Unless we encounter the call, we will never find peace and happiness.

Through inconceivable causes and conditions, we have been born into human life. Difficult as it is to do so, we hear the teaching of the Blessed One. Let us continue to hear the call coming from the true and real world. Let us live a nembutsu life. *Live a Real Life** and truly have a happy new year.

*Live a Real Life is the BCA theme for 2015.

法

報恩講によせて」

浄土真宗センター

桑原

ございました。

本年もどうぞよろしくお願いい ら一年を過ごすことができ、本当にありがとう たします。 2014年も色々な方々にお世話になりなが

れる大変長い伝統を持つ法要であります。 主であります覚如上人の時代から始まったとさしことができたのは多くの人々、そして様々なご わせ聖人を偲ぶ法要であり、本願寺の第三代門 土真宗の宗祖であります親鸞聖人のご命日に合 数千人の方々がお参りされます。報恩講とは浄 本願寺において報恩講が行われ期間中全国から さて1月8日から16日まで京都にあります西

うに、親鸞聖人のご恩に報い、感謝することを ということでありますが、そのみ教えが実際に なご恩をいただいているのでしょうか。それは ているのでしょうか? が実際に私たちの日常生活にどのように関わっ いかもしれません。ではこの浄土真宗のみ教え 私たちの日常生活の中で機能していなければ恩 浄土真宗のみ教えをあきらかにしてくださった いうことが出てきましたが、私たちはどのよう 目的とした法要であります。ここで「ご恩」と に報い感謝すると言われてもあまりピンとこな さてこの報恩講ですが「報恩」とありますよ

くことで「Coping Skill」が備わると仰って 教使の先生は浄土真宗のみ教えを深く聴いてい れるかは人それぞれ色々かと思います。ある開 現れるわけでありますが、どのような変化が現 て私たちの生活や生き様に何らかの形で変化が 浄土真宗のみ教えを深く聴いていくことによっ しれません。

また悪いことや思い通りにならないことに関し一それも他の方々の役に立つための命の始まりと てはその意義を深く見据え、受け止め、乗り越一なります。これが仏と成るということであり、 り深く味あわうことのできる身にしていただき、 の教え、浄土真宗の教えというのは良い事をよ 出会わなくてはいけません。そうした時に仏法 時には悪いことや思い通りにならないことにもしり、この娑婆世界に残された有縁の方々もまた に良い事や思い通りになることばかりではなく、 **人生は山あり、谷ありと言われますように単**

る教えということができます。 ます。浄土真宗のみ教えは浅薄な幸せを説いた

く生き抜く力を与えて下さっているのではない「うことであり、念仏者としての生き方ではない にして下さいました教えは今もなお多くの人々「うような一年にしていただければと思います。 にどのように関わっているかということの一例 の生活を深く豊かなものにし、そして強く明る であります。親鸞聖人は今から約750年前に でしょうか。 これは浄土真宗のみ教えが私たちの日常生活

がそこにあったとも言うことができるでしょう。 真宗のみ教えに出会い、深く肯くことができる その働きかけとは真実の法の世界、つまりお浄 ような身になれるよう何らかの働きかけや願い 慈悲に育まれながらこの境涯を深く強く生きて | 浄土から光に照らされ、 阿弥陀如来様からのお いということになるとそれはまるで真っ暗な大 この私にかけられた願いであります。我々はお であり、願いとは阿弥陀如来様から凡夫である 土からこの娑婆にいる私に向けられた働きかけ 縁のおかげでありますが、一方でこの私が浄土 海原を灯台の光なしに航海するようなものかも この私がそういった素晴らしい教えに出会う

よう働きかけていく存在となるのです。つまり ! 死が単なる終わりではなく、新しい命の始まり、 同時にお浄土に往生させていただきそこで仏な ! えではありません。この娑婆世界で命終わると | 禿定心―BCA婦人会大会(アーバイン)への参 同じように深く豊かな生活を送ることができる 生活を深く豊かなものにしてくれますが、しか 教である浄土真宗は死んだら何もないという教 ての仏に仕上げていただくのであります。浄土 しそれだけではありません。この命終わった時 このように浄土真宗のみ教えは我々の日々の

ました。

浄信!ての「Coping Skill」を私たちに与えて下さ!教え正しく伝えて下さった高僧方に対して親鸞 えていけるような身にしていただくわけであり、この人生を終わった後に私たちがそういう新たり り、喜び一辺倒の教えではなく、人生の様々な、弥陀如来様であります。このような仏道をご用 出来事をより深く味わい、消化していく力とし | 意して下さいました阿弥陀如来様、そしてその なる生を営めるようご準備して下さったのも阿 聖人は大変深い感謝の念をお持ちであり、それ

亡くなられたわけですが、親鸞聖人があきらかってその法の悦びを一人でも多くの人と分かち合 。

そうすることこそ親鸞聖人のご恩に報いるとい 人一人が浄土真宗のみ教えを深く味わい、そし を詠まれたのが「恩徳讚」であります。 でしょうか。 2015年が始まったわけですが、私たち一

令見のイングビュ

三ヶ月の研修を終えて帰国したIMOP(国際 伝道者養成講座)の参加者から話を伺った。 今月のインタビューでは 十一月の終わりに

研修でもっとも印象に残ったことは何ですか?

はないという言葉通りに、私たちは日々、学び 研鑽に励んでいるところをみて、日本の僧侶も 思いました。 大内深生—Miceです。多くの開教使が集まり、 緒にお茶やお菓子いただいたことです。日本 羽諒―サービスのあとに来てくださった方と!

加とハワイ開教区でのインターンシップ。

やお葬式、またはそれぞれのサービスに参加し!難しさを痛感しました。 林斉昭ラジヤン―実際各お寺に滞在して、お寺 たことも経験として大きく残りました。 がどう活動しているかということ、そして法事

|Socho Umezu, Hayashi, Ichiwa, Kamuro and Oouchi 右から梅津総長、林、 大内(敬称略)



一苦労したことを教えて下さい

てない英語での文章制作、読めない単語の確認、 一羽―初めて英語の法話をしたことです。慣れ

かくあるべきであると感じました。仏教に卒業一分かりやすく、しかし核はずらさないようにす るか。これは日本語にも通ずることで、法話の 験させていただきました。いかにシンプルに、 に、思うように伝わらいもどかしさを何度も経 るよい機会になりました。 大内―英語の法話です。 伝えたいことがあるの

禿

一英語でのダルマトークです。 (特に発音)

ションです。違う文化違う言語で育ったもの同 士でのコミュニケーションを成立させることの 林一苦労したことは、やはり人とのコミュニケー

好きな英語、こちらで覚えた言葉は?

使った単語だと思います。 羽―Thank you. です多分今回の研修で一番

あると学びました。 む)にこそ覚えて欲しい。この言葉から、はっ きりと相手に自分の思いを伝えることが大事で 大内―No means No.です。Noと言えない日本 人、そして本音と建前に生きる日本人(私を含

秃—KISS (Keep it simple and short)

林—No,遠慮•

お願いします。 -アメリカの開教使、門徒さんにメッセージを

アドバイスをくださったメンバーの皆様本当に よかったよと声をかけてくださったり、発音の ありがとうございました。 いろなレクチャーをしてくださった開教使の皆 様、そして、私のつたない英語の法話を聞いて 羽一私たちの研修のために時間を空けていろ

一ものはございませんが、本当に有難うございま 三ヶ月を過ごすことができました。 がいっぱいになりました。今は何もお返しする 様の優しさに触れるたびに、感謝の気持ちで胸 今回の研修で、私は本当に多くの人に支えられ たのですが、皆様のおかげで、楽しく充実して 大内―初めてのアメリカで最初は不安も多かっ ていたのだなと気付かせていただきました。皆

禿―IMOP研修中たくさんのことを教えて頂 今後ともご指導のほど宜しくお願い致します。 き有難うございました。

の責務と現状について深く学ぶことができまし なりました。短い期間でしたが、開教使として 林―期間中お会いできた方々には大変お世話に た。これからの自身の未来に期待しつつ、お念 大限に尽くします。 仏にお育て頂くことの喜びを広められるよう最

本当にお世話になり、ありがとうごさいます。

宣言意思語の

年頭の辞

法

新しい年の初めにあたり、ご挨拶申し上げます。

昨年、6月に法統を継承し、本願寺住職・浄土真宗本願寺派門主となりました。社会状況の変化が 激しい現代社会において、浄土真宗のみ教えがより多くの方にとって生きる依りどころとなるよう、 伝えてまいります。どうぞよろしくお願いいたします。

浄土真宗の教えは、親鸞聖人によって説かれました。以来、790年以上にわたり受け継がれ、今日の 私たちに届いています。それは、み教えが、時代や場所に関係なく、すべての人にとって生きる依り どころとなってきたからです。仏教は、自己中心的なとらわれを離れ、真理に基づいて生きる生き方 を明らかにしています。しかし、そのようにできない私たちは、様々な悲しみや苦しみを抱えること になります。

親鸞聖人は、このような私たちを必ず仏にならせようと阿弥陀様がはたらいていて下さると教えて くださいました。この阿弥陀様のはたらきによって、私たちは、真理に気づき、わが身の姿を省みる ことが出来ます。

本年も、み教えを聞き、お念仏申す生活を送らせていただきましょう。

2015年1月1日

そんな中にあって、

真実であり



まことの人生を 新しい年が明けました。

净土真宗本願寺派

せを願い合います。 人に幸せはこない、

思いを中心に物事をすすめていこうとするから、 間の持つ業を感じさせられます。これは時代や場所に関係なく、 **沿が生きていくときに知らず知らずのうちに、** 親鸞聖人が大変尊敬されていた聖徳太子は十七条の憲法を制 ガタガタ(我 お互い自分の

というわけではない。 定しました。 自分はかならず聖人であるわけでなく、相手がかならず愚かだ ことがある。 相手がこれこそといっても自分はよくないと思う し、自分がこれこそと思っても相手はよくないとする。 『人それぞれに考えがあり、それぞれにこれが正しいと思う その第十条の一部に次のようなことが書かれてい (ただびとーふつうのひと) しかし、

方には次のような言葉が、 も太子を心の父母として慕っておられました。 ようにと進めたのです。その影響を強く受けた親鸞聖人はい その親鸞聖人の言葉として残されている「歎異抄」 太子は仏教的な考えで国を治めようとして、 聖人のものとして書き留められていて残されている「歎異抄」の最後の 民に三宝を敬う う

式者は「本質ての心構えな

を皆で唱和 度式で日本

であり、この境界はまるで燃えている家のように危なく、 す智慧をもっていれば、何が善で何が悪か知っているといえま りません。もし、私が仏さまと同じようにすべてのものを見通 てが変化して止まない無常の世界です。 『何が本当に善であるのか、 しかし、私はいろいろな煩悩をすべて具えている凡夫 偽りごとであって、まことのことは何一つ 悪であるのか、私はまったく知 ただ念仏だけが、 そして凡夫のすること すべ います。 レン・クレ の皆さんと 感じました。 れてきた真 (ソルト

しょう。

いをもった仏さまの呼び声だけが、真実であるとおっしゃっておられます。 しないもの すごい言葉 を追いかけている、その姿の愚かさに気づいて欲しいという深い願 葉を私たちに残していてくださいます。自分が幸せという、ありも

生を幸せ 々をたまわるのではないでしょうか。 の呼びかけに気づかせていただくことによって、本当によかったね と思い、死を受け付けようとしない私たちに、生死を超えたまこと

きづかせていただき、お互いいたわりあいながら今年もおくらせて 語は「まことの人生を歩もう」です。 仏さまの願いを聞き開き**、**尊 しょう。

米国仏教団 総長 梅津廣道



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||〇||五年度教化標語

とができるとおっしゃっています。考えさせられるお言葉です。 はちょっと違った見方をします。お釈迦さまは、誰もが幸せやよいことを求めて生きています。 日本では「今年も良いとしでありますように」と、 世の中いろいろな出来事がおこっています。そこに人 真実に目覚めてこそ本当の幸せを感じるこ この国では 「ハッピーニュ 幸せを求める ところが仏教 お互いの 幸 の世界から と言える日 いただきま いのちにき 今年の標

十二名が受式

タントが得度 で12名のBC 勤式、僧侣₁ 真宗センターでの開教使アシ 使から指導 教教育部の桑原浄信開教使が スタントプログラム(MAP) 数年かけて フと共に通 同行し、本願寺国際部のスタッ た。得度を受 ジ受講を通り の参加、浄土真宗通信教育 十一月中 して真宗の教え、 を受けつつ、浄土 所属寺寺院の開教 訳と世話役を務め 度を受式した。 仏 CA開教使アシス 旬に京都の本願寺 となることに対し 文式するにあたり、

宗の教えの重みを した時、受け継が 語で覚えた領解文 願寺で行われた得 などを学んだ。受 この感動をお寺

タダオ・コヤマ(フローリン仏教会)、ボン・マグナン(アリゾナ仏教会) 森雄八郎 と語った。受式者の名前と所属寺は以下のとおり。 - ス・カトウ(サクラメント別院)、ラバーン・イモリ(恵光寺) ン(オレンジ郡仏教会)、アイリーン・ゴトウ(シアトル別院)イ レイク仏教会)、シェリル・イケミヤ(ニューヨーク仏教会)、エ シェアしたいと思 -ナード(ニューヨーク仏教会)、カレン・ムカイ(ファーラー仏 カーメラ・ヒラ